Kenya Influencing Grants V-1603-KE-IF

Focus Areas

The focus priority areas for each category of target groups that are fundable under the influencing grants shall be as follows; –

a) *Persons with Disabilities*
   - Influencing or monitoring the implementation of Article 54 (2) of the constitution
   - Influencing policies related to development of reasonable accommodation requirement for persons with disabilities in relation to infrastructure (including roads, transport and building infrastructure) either at national or county/local level
   - Access to basic education as well as tertiary, vocational and technical training
   - Access to affordable, accessible, quality and appropriate health care
   - Access to life supportive devices and equipment as well as essential medicine or health services
   - Inclusive voting system that integrates the needs of persons with disabilities

b) *Women facing exploitation, abuse and violence*
   - Women/girls facing exploitation in agricultural sector including coffee and tea plantations/farms and flower farms or extractives or fishing along lake Victoria
   - Women/girls facing exploitation through forced prostitution or forced exploitative labour or human trafficking
   - Girls facing female genital cutting or early marriages or forced marriages
   - Women facing physical or sexual violence (gender based violence) or women exposed to physical violence and sexual violence within the context of ethnic or community based conflicts and clashes, broken homes or informal settlements

c) *Age discriminated - Children, youth and older persons*

   Children
   - Children exploited through forced commercial sex work, prostitution, child pornography or child trafficking
   - Children exploited through forced or exploitative labour especially in agricultural farms or extractives industry
   - Access to education and health for street children
   - Access to education and health for OVCs
   - Girls facing exploitation through forced marriages or early marriages early and female genital cutting
   - Access to education for teenage mothers
   - Child transport safety especially road safety issues related to children access to schools

Youth

- Appropriate systems and structures for facilitating youth access to affordable credit for enterprise development
- Determinants or drivers of youth engagement in crime or recruitment to extremism or radicalization
- Determinants or drivers or youth engagement in alcoholism and drugs
- Skills development and acquisition for labour market integration
- Access to employment
- Access to affordable post secondary education and training

Older persons

- Access to affordable and contextual health care specific to the needs of older persons
- Access to affordable and inclusive health insurance
- Accommodative systems for facilitating mobility of older persons including transport systems
- Increased and inclusive and efficient social protection especially funds transfers that covers more older persons
- Availability of public homecare for neglected and needy older persons

d) *Indigenous groups and ethnic minorities*

- Recognition and preservation of traditional land rights
- Affirmative action in access to affordable basic and university/tertiary education
- Recognition and promotion of identity through efficient registration of persons
- Recognition, preservation and promotion of cultural identity as national heritage
- Availability of basic road/transport infrastructure
- Targeted affirmative action on access to employment and national and county levels

e) *LGBTI Individuals*

- Review existing laws that criminalize and are discriminative and restrictive with serious implications on the lived lives of LGBTI communities.
- Build alliances and engage with transformative faith and cultural leaders.
- Address all forms of stigma, violence and discrimination against LGBTI individuals that significantly hinder social and economic progress including participation.
- Intersex and transgender are not recognized by law; implying lack of a legal framework that for example can guide handling of intersex children and therapy treatment for transgender persons.
- Low uptake of health services due to structural and legal barriers e.g. fear of being prosecuted, lack of LGBTI-friendly services, lack of comprehensive SRH services

and products, and/or ignorance on the side of healthcare providers who discriminate.

- A focus on those further marginalized within the LGBTI movement including elders, people with disability, HIV positive, rural, refugees, adolescents and youth.

Types of Interventions

- Build capacities of marginalized and discriminated groups using innovative strategies and methods that influence the opinions and decisions of people and organisations at county and national level with an appreciation of the intersectionality of marginalization and equality
- Create or change policies, laws, regulations, distribution of resources (including budget and budget process) or other decisions that are responsive to local needs of the above mentioned target groups and to ensure that such decisions lead to implementation.
- Monitor or evaluate the effective implementation of existing laws and policies and generate relevant and appropriate knowledge and information for adoption by policy and decision makers
- Meaningful and effective engagement with politicians, religious leaders, government officials and public servants, also private sector leaders whose decisions impact upon people's lives, as well as those whose opinions and actions influence policy makers, such as journalists and the media.